

EXPERIMENTAL STUDIES

These studies are concerned with certain problems best studied in the laboratory that will enable better interpretation of data collected from a wild population. The nature of growth and its periodicity in fishes, the factors that cause mortality in larval fish and similar studies will be carried out. The personnel assigned to this group are also concerned with the management of the aquarium. The techniques used in these two studies are similar and the problems related.

August 6, 1959

U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service
Bureau of Commercial Fisheries

Sheet No. 1

Location: Woods Hole, Mass.
Date: August 6, 1959
File No.

Research Project Outline

Title of Project: Laboratory techniques for the culture of marine fish

Investigation Title: Experimental studies

Investigation Chief: ~~Vacant~~ Charles Wheeler

Project Leader:	<u>Charles Wheeler</u>	<u>F. R. B.</u>	<u>GS-11</u>
	Name	Title	Grade

Assistants: (Title and Grade)

David Miller	F. R. B.	GS-9
Vacant, Student assistant		GS-4 (Temporary)

Collaborators:

Need for Information: Standard methods for rearing marine fish under laboratory conditions must be developed as a prerequisite to any further experimental work in this general field.

Objective: To develop and standardize techniques for the holding and rearing of commercial species of marine fish, both young and adult.

Method of Procedure: Through experimentation, determine the necessary gross requirements of space, circulation, temperature, salinity, oxygen, light, and food, essential to the laboratory culture of fish.

Phase 1: From a knowledge of these requirements, set up standard methods of rearing against which various experimental procedures may be tested.

Phase 2: Assemble a bibliography of the literature on the culture of marine fish larvae.
Publish results.

Method of Procedure: (Cont'd)

Phase 3:

Estimated Costs: Total Needed by Laboratory for Complete Project			
	<u>FY 1959</u>	<u>FY 1960</u>	<u>FY 1961</u>
Personal Services	<u>--</u>	<u>5.2</u>	<u>3.6</u>
Other Expenses:			
Within Project	<u>--</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0.9</u>
Lab. Adm. & Ser.	<u>--</u>	<u>8.9</u>	<u>5.8</u>
Lab. Total	<u>--</u>	<u>14.2</u>	<u>10.3</u>
Regional Office		<u>.142</u>	<u>.103</u>
Washington Office			
Total			

Recommended Source of Funds S-K and Regular
(S-K, Regular, Contributed, etc.)

Estimated Date of Completion: Phase 1 FY 60; Phase 2 FY; Phase 3 FY; Project FY

Recommended by:		Date
Originator	<u>C. L. Wheeler</u>	<u>8/6/59</u>
Investigation Chief	<u>C. L. Wheeler</u>	<u>8/6/59</u>
Laboratory Director	<u>Herbert W. Graham</u>	<u>8/6/59</u>
Regional Director	<u>Joseph H. Pomeroy</u>	<u>8/19/59</u>
Branch Chief	<u>WHE.</u>	<u>12-24-59</u>
Approved by:		
Division Chief for Director	<u></u>	

Remarks

(Continue on reverse side)

U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service
Bureau of Commercial Fisheries

Sheet No. 1

Location: Woods Hole, Mass.
Date: August 6, 1959
File No.

Research Project Outline

Title of Project: Rate of ascent of pelagic eggs in waters of known density

Investigation Title: Experimental studies

Investigation Chief: ~~Yoggeswar~~ C. L. Wheeler

Project Leader: To be assigned.

	Name	Title	Grade
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Assistants: (Title and Grade)

Collaborators:

Need for Information: The time interval between the demersal spawning, and the arrival of pelagic eggs at the surface layers is not known for most species. This information is of value in relating large concentrations of eggs at the surface to the actual spawning areas on the bottom.

Objective: To measure the rate of ascent of the newly spawned pelagic eggs of the more important commercial species.

Method of Procedure: Develop and construct suitable laboratory apparatus for measuring the ascent of pelagic eggs in waters of varying density. Measure the rate of ascent for the eggs of the species for which this information is lacking. Publish the results.

Phase 2:

U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service
Bureau of Commercial Fisheries

Sheet No. 1

Location: Woods Hole, Mass.
Date: August 6, 1959
File No.

Research Project Outline

Title of Project: Determination of sustained swimming rate for larval fish.

Investigation Title: Experimental studies

Investigation Chief: ~~Maczank~~ C. L. Wheeler

Project Leader: To be assigned

	<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Grade</u>
Assistants: (Title and Grade)			

Collaborators:

Need for Information: The young of many marine species spend a considerable length of time at the mercy of ocean currents. The time at which they become free of the influence of these currents depends in part upon the rate of development of their swimming ability. Knowledge of the sustained swimming rates for various species would prove valuable in interpreting field observations.

Objective: To determine the net potential for locomotion of larval fish of various ages, and the rate at which this ability increases with increase in age.

Method of Procedure: Develop new, or adapt existing apparatus for measuring sustained swimming rate of larval fish. Carry out controlled experiments to determine this rate for larvae of varying ages. Compile data and publish results.

Phase 2:

Method of Procedure: (Cont'd)

Phase 3:

Estimated Costs: Total Needed by Laboratory for Complete Project			
	<u>FY 1959</u>	<u>FY 1960</u>	<u>FY 1961</u>
Personal Services	---	---	2.5
Other Expenses:			
Within Project	---	---	0.9
Lab. Adm. & Ser.	---	---	5.7
Lab. Total	---	---	9.1
Regional Office			.091
Washington Office			
Total			

Recommended Source of Funds S-K and Regular
(S-K, Regular, Contributed, etc.)

Estimated Date of Completion: Phase 1 FY 61; Phase 2 FY; Phase 3 FY; Project FY 62.

Recommended by:

		<u>Date</u>
Originator	<u>C. L. Wheeler</u>	<u>8/6/59</u>
Investigation Chief	<u>C. L. Wheeler</u>	<u>8/6/59</u>
Laboratory Director	<u>Herbert W. Graham</u>	<u>8/6/59</u>
Regional Director	<u>Joseph F. Pomeroy</u>	<u>8/19/59</u>
Branch Chief	<u>JHE</u>	<u>12-24-59</u>

Approved by:
Division Chief for Director _____

Remarks

(Continue on reverse side)